# BERGERIE 2016 TO HABITAT III



### **RIGHT TO HOUSING**

The Right to Housing is not in the Constitution. Only freedom of residence and of change of residence are recognised in the Constitution.

An other legal provisions for the right to housing is the "Housing Act". But this Act only covers the aspects of adequate housing and housing discrimination, without security of tenure and anti-eviction.

Source: Taiwan Alliance of Anti-Forced Eviction = (1)

### **LAND RIGHTS**

Article 143 of Constitution: "...private ownership of land, acquired by the people in accordance with law, shall be protected and restricted by law. ..."

There is no particular law made for the right to land. Only some articles to restrict the invasion of property right from state in related acts.

# FORCED EVICTION

The people without land ownership often faces the threat of invisible evictions through the redistribution schemes without legal protection of resettlement rights. In general, current development projects in Taiwan could hardly fit the legal protection under ICESCR. Especially, most of the projects are conducted for the causes of real estate investment; it lacks effective legal procedure to verify the public interest and necessity of the means of development. (Source: Taiwan Alliance of Anti-Forced Eviction) (1)

What do social movements to face evictions? citizen's participation, participatory planning, blockade to the construction/ demolishment, boycott, lobbying... etc. (1)



"Three tribes are lack of legal ownership, as kwong wah community. The government has repeatedly been stronger. Anyway, multiple self-reconstruction show their strong resistance and vitality." To know more

#### **LAND GRABBING**

Taoyuan Aerotropolis is the biggest project of zone expropriation in Taiwan. The project requires a total of 3,200 hectares land acquisition and over 40,000 people have to be relocated. (1)

What do social movements to face land grabbing? Participating in public hearing procedure, developing citizens' participatory planning, block the demolishment, boycott, lobbying. (1)

### **HOUSING MARKET**

According to the 2015 Q4 statistics released by Ministry of Interior, Taiwan, the average rate of mortage burden reaches 36.36%. The ratio of house price to income is 8.69 times. In this regard, the average cost of housing in Taipei City even reaches 15.01 years of average income. (1)

According to Ministry of Interior, the average homeownership rate reaches **79.2%** in 2012. In the statistics of 2014, about **61%** population are self-owned homeowners, 24% population are tenants. (1) Source:

http://pip.moi.gov.tw/V2/E/SCRE0101.aspx

## **QUALITY OF HOUSING**

According to a 2013 government commission report, about 170,000 households (about 3% of all households of Taiwan) are living under official housing quality standards. (1)

Housing quality standards in Taiwan:

<a href="http://www.cpami.gov.tw/chinese/index.php?">http://www.cpami.gov.tw/chinese/index.php?</a>

<a href="mailto:option=com\_content&view=article&id=1574">option=com\_content&view=article&id=1574</a>

<a href="mailto:8&ltemid=57">8&ltemid=57</a>

# INFORMAL HOUSING SLUM HOMELESS

### **Informal settlements**

According to the official report, there are at least 37,794 houses built before 1963. (1)

# **Urban indigenous communities**

According to the official report, there are 20 communities, contain about 618 households. (1)

### **Homeless**

According to the official report last year, there are about 5,000 homeless people in Taiwan. But the number of official report is underestimated, since the report only surveyed the homeless in parks, stations and sidewalks. But the hoemless people in shelters, internet cafes, fast food restaurants and stores are not included in the survey. (1)



According to the TAIWAN ALLIANCE OF ANTI-FORCED EVICTION:

## **MAJOR PROBLEMS**

The major problems include severe land speculation, property-led housing policy and urban planning, and the deterioration of housing rights that mainly infringed by the state authority.

Moreover, in response to the housing problems, the only consensus of current government and (opposition) politicians is to build more (semi-)social housing.

# **MAJORS CLAIMS**

Anti-forced eviction and aim for zero-e-viction.

# HOUSING WORLD MAP

BETER UNDERSTAND THE CONTEXT OF HABITAT: WWW.WM-URBAN-HABITAT.ORG

WEBSITE UNDER CONSTRUCTION























